



Colour fastness of leather to perspiration

EN ISO 11641 / IUF 426

The fastness of colour of leather to perspiration means its resistance to the prolonged action of an artificial perspiration solution.

Method

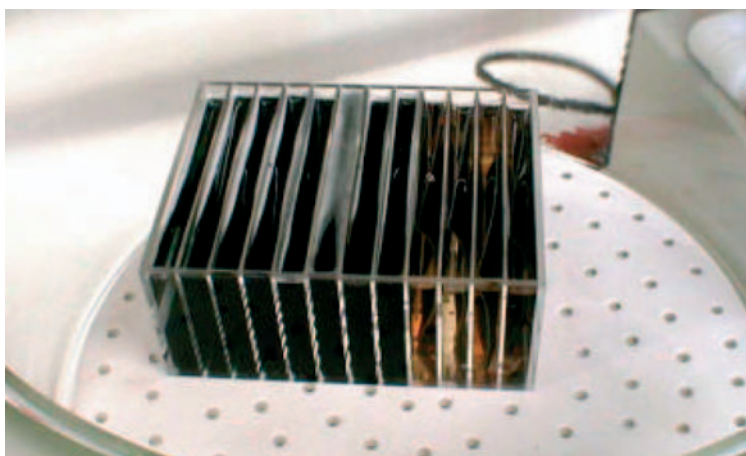
Samples of leather and textile fabrics, e.g. a multi-fibre strip or pieces of wool and cotton, are thoroughly wetted out separately in an artificial perspiration solution.

The textiles are placed on the side of the leather specimen to be tested and the composite specimen is then placed between glass plates under pressure for 3 hours at 37°C. The specimen and the textile pieces are dried.

The change in colour of the dyed leather and the staining of the textiles are assessed with the standard Grey Scales.

perspiration

Original sample	Tested sample	Wool	Cotton
			
rating	4-5	3	2



Colour staining differences are as assessed on original samples and may not be accurately reproduced here.

Additional Information

Guidance for sources of equipment and materials are given in the Standards. ISO and EN Standards are copyrighted documents that are available world-wide from the local Standard Organisation in

each country (address/details see website: <http://www.iso.ch/iso/en/prods-services/ISOstore/memberstores.html>). Sets of IU test methods are available from the SLTC in the United Kingdom.

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